

15. PREPARATION FOR STAGE EMPLACEMENT

35 minutes after beginning of loading cycle . . . Stage I prepared for loading . . . protective covers removed . . . adapters and slings attached . . . truck crane used for emplacement of Stage I . . . assembly of missile stages done at silo mouth safety grid . . . ease of communication extremely necessary for this operation . . . truck crane set on jack points to prevent sway or other undesirable movement . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

SECREP

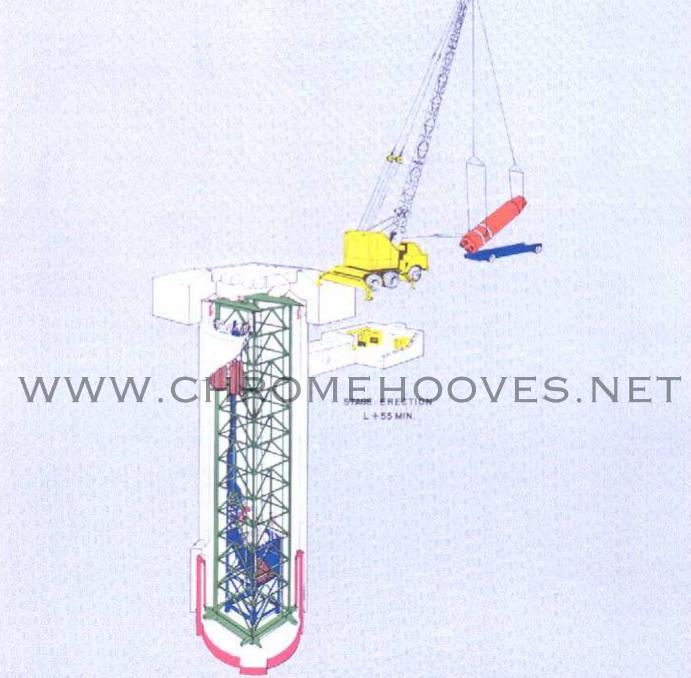
WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



16. STAGE ERECTION

Stage I is lifted from transtainer . . . necessary slings, adapters and tag lines are used in conjunction with the truck crane . . . vertical erection on missile support arms . . . safety grid is used as work platform . . . this illustration and those following indicate the sequence of erecting Stage I and Stage II . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



17. STAGE I EMPLACEMENT

The illustration shows Stage I being lifted out over the silo mouth . . . the truck crane lowers Stage I to the missile support structure . . . the elevator platform has been raised to the surface . . . bolting of the first stage is accomplished from the temporary work platform . . . Stage I is emplaced by 1 hour 35 minutes after inception of erection procedure . . . elevator platform then lowered into silo to permit erection of Stage II on Stage I . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

WW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

18. STAGE II EMPLACEMENT

The elevator platform has been lowered into the silo . . . with Stage I . . . Stage II is being erected by use of truck crane . . . mating point for the stages provided at the work platform level . . . assembly of Stage II on Stage I is complete by L — 2 hours 55 minutes . . . both stages lowered into silo to permit nose cone emplacement . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

WWW.CHROWEHOOVES.NET

STAGE II EMPLACEMENT
L +2 HR.55 MIN.
(INCLUDES REMOVING COVER AND ERECTION)

19. NOSE CONE EMPLACEMENT

1.5

With Stage II mated to Stage I the elevator platform is lowered into the silo . . . nose cone removed from cradle . . . transport vehicle carries this . . . auxiliary crane removes nose cone . . . crane utilized vernier control to inch nose cone into position on Stage II . . . nose cone emplaced by L + 3 hours 40 minutes . . . complete missile now assembled . . . ready to be lowered to lowest silo position . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

NOSE CONE EMPLACEMENT

L + 3 HR. 40 MIN.

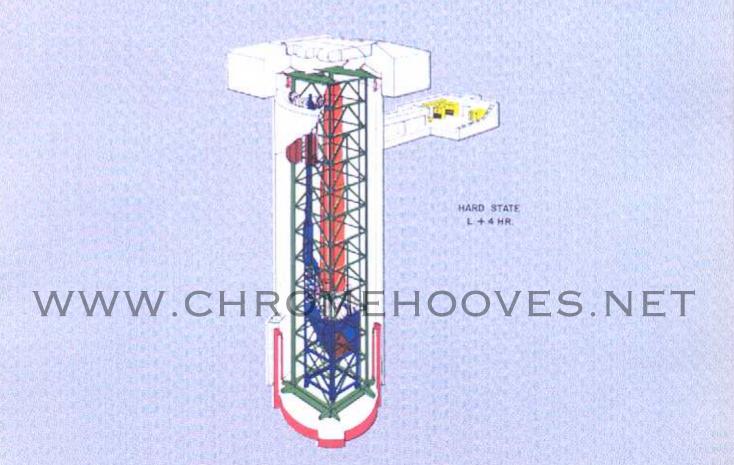
(INCLUDES REMOVING COVER AND ERECTION)

WWW.CHR EHOOVES.NET

20. HARD STATE

The missile is now assembled . . . the elevator platform . . . with missile mounted . . . is lowered into silo . . . portable silo mouth work platform is removed . . . double pivot doors closed . . . ground locks are released . . . system now placed on the isolation suspension system . . . umbilicals are connected . . . missile checkout begins . . . state of readiness exists . . . work platforms are up . . . fire door closed . . . personnel out of silo . . . the TITAN missile launcher system is hard.

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

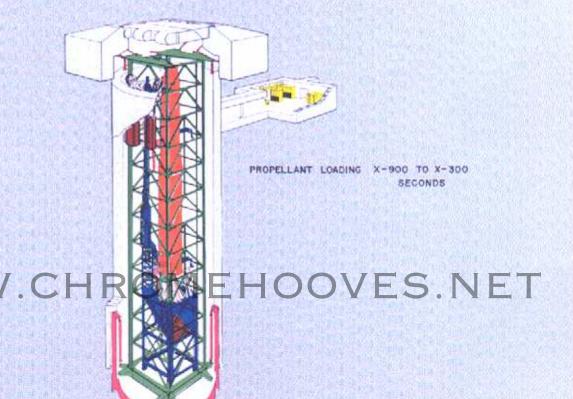


· New Age

21. PROPELLANT LOADING SEQUENCE

Fueling the TITAN missile is accomplished with the missile assembled ... propellant loading may be done while system is hard ... door is closed ... missile in lowered position in silo ... 10 minutes elapse during fueling ... suspension system active to protect against nuclear attack ...

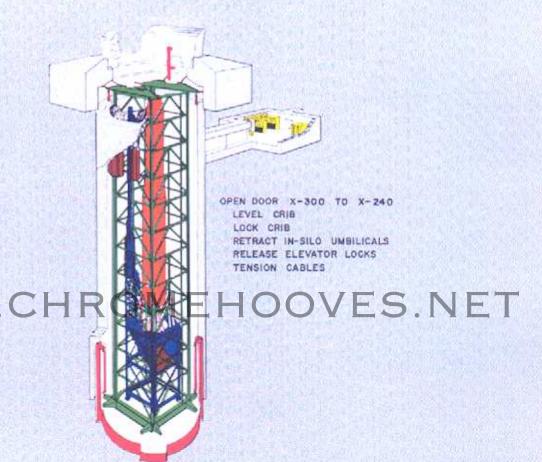
WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



22. OPEN DOOR SEQUENCE

60 seconds necessary to open hydraulically actuated double pivot door . . . crib then leveled and locked . . . in-silo umbilicals are retracted . . . elevator locks released . . . cables tensioned . . . system is soft . . . ready to elevate missile to surface. . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



23. ELEVATE MISSILE SEQUENCE

.

Two minutes are required to elevate the missile to the surface . . . g-loading requirements must not be exceeded . . . 15 seconds required to lock platform . . . remaining checkout and countdown continued . . . water spray turned on 3 seconds prior to engine ignition . . . engine is ignited at X-O . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



REMAINING CHECKOUT X-105 TO X-0

VWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

51

24. MISSILE TAKEOFF SEQUENCE

Engines build up proper thrust for 1.5 second . . . at X + 1.5 holddown bolts are detonated . . . simultaneously, remaining umbilicals are disconnected and retracted and the missile support arms retracted . . . the missile blasts off on its mission. . . umbilical tower has been folded to clear missile flight path . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



WWW.CHRONEHOOVES.NET

RETRACT SUPPORT ARMS

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

53

25. POST FIRING SEQUENCE

After missile firing, water spray continues for approximately 90 seconds . . . to cool flame deflector . . . umbilical tower is returned to normal vertical position . . . elevator platform is unlocked . . . system now ready to be lowered and be hard again . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



26. LOWERING SEQUENCE

Elevator platform is lowered to silo bottom . . . two minutes . . . double pivot door closed . . . one minute . . . crib locks released . . . cables slackened . . . system rests on isolation suspension system . . . system is hard . . . if missile aborted, defueling accomplished . . . then necessary repairs made . . . system is available for reloading after refurbishing after successful launch . . .

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET



SLACK CABLES

WWW.CHREHOOVES.NET

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

CONCLUSION

Here has been presented the design complex making up the WS 107A-2 Launcher System. This system is a hardened type, capable of being organized into multiple-unit sites, self-sufficient for ten-day isolation periods and relatively easy to maintain.

The aims of maximum system reliability and operability, combined with maximum economy, have been readily effected.

WWW.CHROMENOOVES.NET

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET





WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

WWW.CHROMEHOOVES.NET

SECRET